IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA

Timothy Churchill,)	
)	
Plaintiff, vs.)	ORDER FOR RULE 26(f) PLANNING
)	MEETING AND RULE 16(b)
)	SCHEDULING CONFERENCE,
)	AND ORDER RE RESOLUTION
)	OF DISCOVERY DISPUTES
Marathon Petroleum Company LP,)	
)	Case No.: 1:20-cv-192
Defendant.)	

IT IS ORDERED:

RULE 26(f) MEETING & RULE 16(b) SCHEDULING CONFERENCE

The court shall hold a Rule 16(b) initial pretrial scheduling/discovery conference at 9:30 a.m. on January 5, 2021. To participate in the conference, counsel shall call the following number and enter the following access code:

Tel. No.: (877) 810-9415

Access Code: 8992581

In preparation for the conference, counsel are directed to confer in accordance with Rule 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Counsel shall submit to the magistrate judge a joint proposed scheduling/discovery plan that reflects the Rule 26(f) discussions and includes at least those items listed in form Scheduling/Discovery Plan posted on the court's website (www.ndd.uscourts.gov/forms/). Counsel shall confer, complete and prepare the form, obtain the appropriate signatures, and e-mail the document in "WordPerfect" or in "Word" format to ndd_J-Hochhalter@ndd.uscourts.gov NO LATER THAN TWO BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO THE CONFERENCE. Any disagreements among counsel shall be addressed at the scheduling

conference.

During the Rule 26(f) meeting, counsel shall discuss the nature and basis of their claims and defenses, the possibilities for a prompt settlement or resolution of the case, and the scope and type of discovery, including electronic discovery. Counsel shall also make or arrange for the disclosures required by Rule 26(a)(1), and develop their joint proposed scheduling/discovery plan. These are only the minimum requirements for the meeting. Counsel are encouraged to have a comprehensive discussion and are required to approach the meeting cooperatively and in good faith. The discussion of claims and defenses shall be a substantive, meaningful discussion. In addressing settlement or early resolution of the case, counsel are required to explore the feasibility of ADR not only between themselves but with their clients as well. If the parties elect not to participate in an early ADR effort, the court may nonetheless require a settlement conference shortly before trial.

In addressing the Rule 26(a)(1) disclosures, counsel shall discuss the appropriate timing, form, scope or requirement of the initial disclosures, keeping in mind that Rule 26(a)(1) contemplates the disclosures will be made by the date of the Rule 16(b) initial scheduling conference and will include at least the categories of information listed in the rule. Rule 26 affords the parties flexibility in the scope, form and timing of disclosures under both Rule 26(a)(1) (initial disclosures) and Rule 26(a)(2) (expert witness disclosures), but the parties' agreement on disclosures is subject to approval by the court. In their discussion of disclosures, counsel shall address issues of relevance in detail, with each party identifying what it needs and why. The discussion shall include as well the sequence and timing of follow-up discovery, including whether that discovery should be conducted informally or formally and whether it should be conducted in phases to prepare for filing of particular motions or for settlement discussions.

In addressing electronic discovery, counsel shall discuss what electronic sources each party

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will search, difficulty of retrieval, preservation of records, the form of production (electronic or

hard-copy, format of production, inclusion of meta-data, etc.), cost of production and which party

will bear the cost, privilege/waiver issues, and any other electronic discovery issues present in the

case. Before engaging in the Rule 26 discussion, counsel should determine who is most familiar

with the client's computer system, what electronic records the client maintains, how the client's

electronic records are stored, the difficulty/ease of retrieving various records, the existence and

terms of the client's document retention/destruction policy, and whether the client has placed a

"litigation hold" preventing destruction of potentially relevant records.

The deadlines in the scheduling/discovery plan shall be mutually agreeable, with a view to

achieving resolution of the case with a minimum of expense and delay. At the Rule 16(b)

conference, the court will review the plan with counsel. The date for the dispositive motion deadline

shall not be later than January 10, 2022, unless good cause is shown at the scheduling conference

for a later date. Counsel are informed that the dispositive motion deadline is used in assigning the

trial date, and the court must allow adequate time for briefing and ruling prior to the final pretrial

conference and trial dates.

Dated this 30th day of November, 2020.

/s/ Clare R. Hochhalter

Clare R. Hochhalter, Magistrate Judge

United States District Court

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